

CHAPTER 7 Review — MATH 1050

7.1 (7) $a_n = (-1)^n (2n)$

$a_1 = (-1)^1 (2 \cdot 1) = -2$
 $a_2 = (-1)^2 (2 \cdot 2) = 4$
 $a_3 = (-1)^3 (2 \cdot 3) = -6$
 $a_4 = (-1)^4 (2 \cdot 4) = 8$
 $a_5 = (-1)^5 (2 \cdot 5) = -10$

(23) $a_1 = -2$
 $a_n = a_{n-1} + 3$

$a_1 = -2$
 $a_2 = 1$
 $a_3 = 4$
 $a_4 = 7$

(26) $a_1 = 2$
 $a_2 = 5$
 $a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2}$

$a_1 = 2$
 $a_2 = 5$
 $a_3 = 5 + 2 = 7$
 $a_4 = 7 + 5 = 12$

(29) $\sum_{i=1}^5 (2i+1) = [2(1)+1] + [2(2)+1] + [2(3)+1] + [2(4)+1] + [2(5)+1]$
 $3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 = 35$

7.2 (3) $3, -2, -7, -12, \dots$

$d = -5$

(11) $a_3 = 10$
 $d = -2$

$a_4 = 8$ $a_5 = 6$
 $a_2 = 12$ $a_1 = 14$

- 14
- 12
- 10
- 8
- 6

(23) $a_5 = 27$
 $a_{15} = 87$

Subtract n-values
 $15 - 5 = 10$
 $10d = 87 - 27 = 60$
 $d = 6$

(45) $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + \dots + 99$
 $a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$
 $a_{50} = 1 + (50-1)2 = 99$

$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$
 $a_5 = a_1 + (5-1)6$
 $27 = a_1 + 24$

$3 = a_1$

$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a_1 + a_n] \Rightarrow S_{50} = \frac{50}{2} [1 + 99]$
 $= 2500$

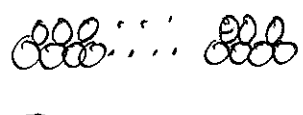
(71) In each 12-hour period,
 $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a_1 + a_n] \Rightarrow S_{12} = \frac{12}{2} [1 + 12] = 78$
 $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + 12$

There 2, 12 Hour Periods per day \times 30 Days = 60

$78 \cdot 60 = 4680$ chimes per month.

(72) 

$30 + 29 + 28 + 27 + \dots + 1$

 $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a_1 + a_n] = S_{30} = \frac{30}{2} [30 + 1] = 465$

7.3 (11) $-4, -12, -36, -108, \dots$

$r = \frac{-12}{-4} = 3$

$a_5 = a_4 \cdot r$
 $a_5 = -108 \cdot 3 = -324$

$a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$
 $a_n = -4(3)^{n-1}$

7.3 (17) $a_2 = -6$
 $a_7 = -192$

$$r^5 = \frac{-192}{-6} = 32$$

$$a_1 = \frac{-6}{2} = -3$$

$$r = 2$$

(22) $4, 16, 64, 256, \dots$

Find S_5 $S_n = \frac{a_1(1-r^n)}{1-r} \Rightarrow S_5 = \frac{4(1-4^5)}{1-4}$

$$r = 4$$

(43) $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{2}{27} + \dots$

$$r = \frac{-\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{1}{4}} = -\frac{4}{6} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{a_1}{1-r}$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{1-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{3}{20}$$

7.4 (1) $\frac{6!}{3!3!} = \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6}{(1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3)(1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3)} = \frac{4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6}{8} = 20$

(41) Find the 6th Term of $(4h-j)^8$

$$\binom{8}{5} (4h)^3 (-j)^5 = 56 (64h^3) (-j^5) = -3584h^3j^5$$

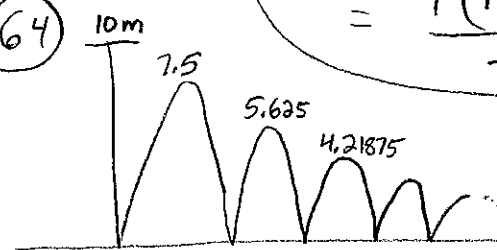
7.6 29a) $\frac{26 \cdot 26 \cdot 26}{\text{Letters}} \cdot \frac{10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10}{\text{Digits}} = 17,576,000$ Different License Plates

(35) 15 Club members, choose a president, vice-president, and secretary.
 How many ways can this be done? ${}_{15}P_3 = \frac{15!}{(15-3)!} = 13 \cdot 14 \cdot 15 = 2730$

(39) 40 members of association. 6 are randomly selected. How many ways can this be done?

$${}_{40}C_6 = \frac{40!}{6!34!} = 3,838,380$$

(64) $= \frac{4(1-1024)}{-3} = 1364$



$$\text{Total Distance} = 10 + 2(7.5 + 5.625 + 4.21875 + \dots)$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{7.5}{1-0.75} = 30$$

$$\text{Total Distance} = 10 + 2(30) = 70 \text{ m}$$